

Problem 1: Find

$\ln x$	$-\frac{1}{x}$
$\frac{1}{x}$	$\frac{1}{x^2}$

$$\int \frac{\ln x}{x^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\ln x}{x^2} dx &= -\frac{1}{x} \ln x - \int \frac{-1}{x^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{\ln x}{x} + \int \frac{dx}{x^2} \\ &= -\frac{\ln x}{x} - \frac{1}{x} + C \\ &= -\frac{1 + \ln x}{x} + C \end{aligned}$$

Problem 2: Find

$x + 2$	$\sin x$
1	$\cos x$

$$\int (x + 2) \cos x dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int (x + 2) \cos x dx &= (x + 2) \sin x - \int \sin x \cdot 1 dx \\ &= (x + 2) \sin x - \int \sin x dx \\ &= (x + 2) \sin x - (-\cos x) + C \\ &= (x + 2) \sin x + \cos x + C \end{aligned}$$

Problem 3: Evaluate

$\ln \sqrt{x} = \frac{1}{2} \ln x$	x
$\frac{1}{2x}$	1

$$\int_1^4 \ln \sqrt{x} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int \ln \sqrt{x} dx &= x \ln \sqrt{x} \Big|_1^4 - \int_1^4 x \cdot \frac{1}{2x} dx \\ &= x \ln \sqrt{x} \Big|_1^4 - \int_1^4 \frac{1}{2} dx \\ &= \left(x \ln \sqrt{x} - \frac{x}{2} \right) \Big|_1^4 \\ &= (4 \ln \sqrt{4} - \ln \sqrt{1}) - \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 4 - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 \right) \\ &= 4 \ln 2 - 2 + \frac{1}{2} \\ &= 4 \ln 2 - \frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$$

Extra Credit: Do NOT attempt this unless you have finished the rest of the quiz and are confident with your answers!

Find

$$\int \sqrt{e^{6x} + e^{4x}} dx$$

$$\sqrt{e^{6x} + e^{4x}} = \sqrt{e^{4x}(e^{2x} + 1)} = e^{2x} \sqrt{e^{2x} + 1}$$

Then

$$\int \sqrt{e^{6x} + e^{4x}} dx = \int e^{2x} \sqrt{e^{2x} + 1} dx$$

Let $u = e^{2x}$ so that $du = 2e^{2x} dx \Leftrightarrow dx = \frac{du}{2e^{2x}} = \frac{du}{2u}$. But then

$$\int e^{2x} \sqrt{e^{2x} + 1} dx = \int u \sqrt{u + 1} \frac{du}{2u}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \sqrt{u + 1} du$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} (u + 1)^{3/2} + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} (u + 1)^{3/2} + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} (e^{2x} + 1)^{3/2} + C$$