

Problem 1: Evaluate the following derivatives [you do not need to simplify but you do need to show your work]:

$$(a) \frac{d}{dx}(x^\pi - x + 1)e^x = (\pi x^{\pi-1} - 1)e^x + (x^\pi - x + 1)e^x$$

$$(b) \frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{x^3 - x + 2}{x^2 - 5x + 1}\right) = \frac{(x^2 - 5x + 1)(3x^2 - 1) - (2x - 5)(x^3 - x + 2)}{(x^2 - 5x + 1)^2}$$

$$(c) \frac{d}{dx}(3 - 2x^2)^{12} = 12(3 - 2x^2)^{11} \cdot (-4x)$$

Problem 2: Evaluate the following derivatives [you do not need to simplify but you do need to show your work]:

$$(a) \frac{d}{dx} x^3 7^x \arctan x = 3x^2 7^x \arctan x + x^3 7^x \ln 7 \arctan x + \frac{x^3 7^x}{1+x^2}$$

$$(b) \frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{\cot x \ln x}{\log_5 x}\right) = \frac{\log_5 x \left(-\csc^2 x \ln x + \frac{\cot x}{x}\right) - \frac{1}{x \ln 5} \cot x \ln x}{(\log_5 x)^2}$$

$$(c) \frac{d}{dx} \cos^2(\ln(1 - 2x)) = 2 \cos(\ln(1 - 2x)) \cdot -\sin(\ln(1 - 2x)) \cdot \frac{1}{1 - 2x} \cdot -2$$

Problem 3: Evaluate the following derivative [you do not need to simplify but you do need to show your work]:

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{5^{2x} \csc(7x)}{\sin^2(e^x) \arcsin(3x + 1)} \right) =$$
$$\frac{\sin^2(e^x) \arcsin(3x + 1)(5^{2x} \ln 5 \cdot 2 \csc(7x) + 5^{2x} \cdot -\csc(7x) \cot(7x) 7) - \left(2 \sin(e^x) \cos(e^x) e^x \arcsin(3x + 1) + \frac{3 \sin^2 e^x}{\sqrt{1 - (3x + 1)^2}} \right) 5^{2x} \csc 7x}{\sin^4(e^x) \arcsin^2(3x + 1)}$$